# MCCS 3 - DN25 ANTI-CONDENSING RECYCLING PUMP UNIT

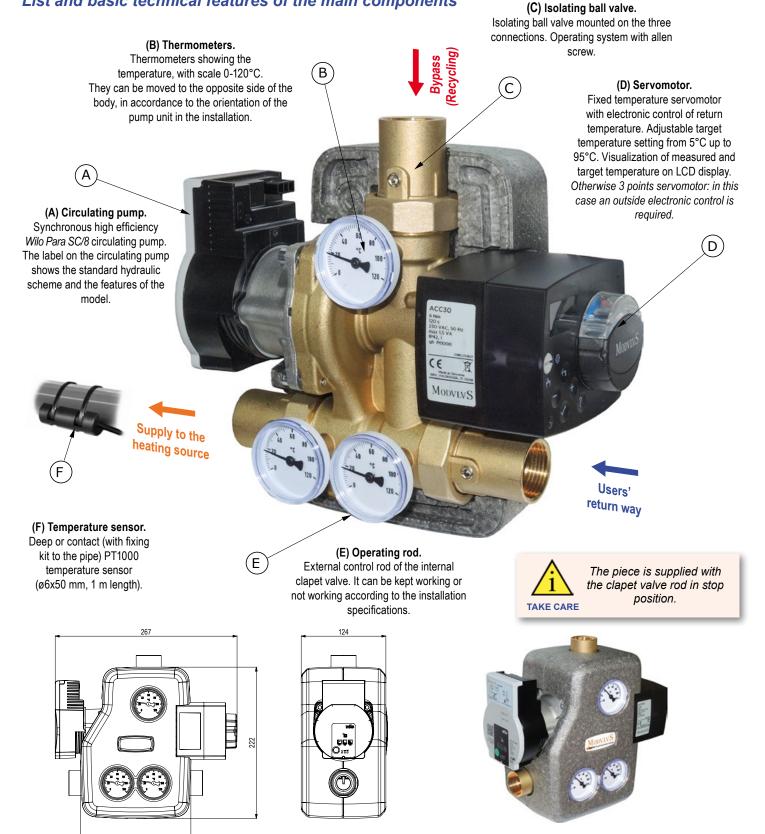
# Directions for installation



162

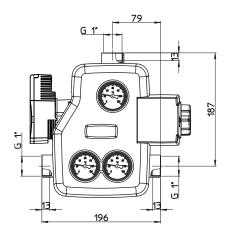
**SAFETY:** Please read carefully the mounting and setting up directions before setting the system going, in order to avoid accidents and failures of the installation caused by an improper use of the product. Please look it up in the servomotor manual too. Keep this manual for future consultations.

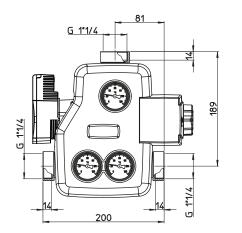
#### List and basic technical features of the main components



EPP insulation box. Measurements: 162 x 222 x 124 mm.

## **Overall dimensions and connections**



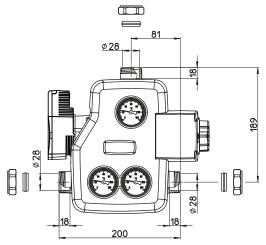


Sizes and dimensions of available connections

10 bar

100°C

it can be selected from 5 up to 95°C



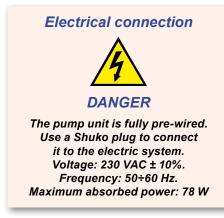
**Technical features** 

Maximum working pressure: Maximum temperature: Diverting temperature:

### Field of utilization

- Direct supply to the distributor: up to 45 kW (with  $\triangle$ t 20 K) and maximum flow rate of 1950 l/h. Lifting power: 4 mH<sub>2</sub>O
- With buffer tank: up to 90 kW (with  $\Delta t$  30 K) and maximum flow rate of 2600 l/h. Lifting power: 2 mH\_0

External connections: 1" and 1"1/4 F, 28 mm for copper pipe.



## Employment

The anti-condensing pump unit allows to connect directly the solid fuel heating source to the heating system or to the buffer tank without any additional device.

As a matter of fact the pump unit includes into a compact and nice insulation box the circulating pump, the mixing valve with electronic control, the on/off natural circulation clapet valve, the isolating valves and thermometers. It automatically adjusts, to the selected value, the return water temperature to the heating source.

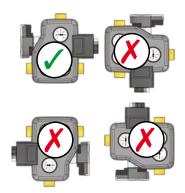
The device keeps the heating source at a high temperature level (always higher than the condensation one) in every possible condition of use, so avoiding deposits both into the boiler and into the chimney flue, in this way improving the efficiency and the life of it. Therefore also corrosion problems of the heating source or dangerous fires of the chimney are avoided.

### Installation

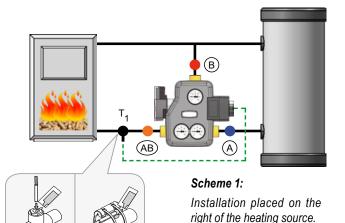
The anti-condensing recycling pump unit can be placed on both sides of the heating source, following these directions:

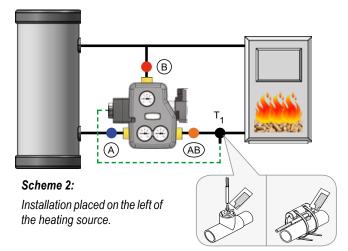
- ✓ On the return pipe to the boiler in mixing mode, following the flow directions shown on the body.
- In vertical position (horizontal circulating pump axis) to allow the hydraulic working of the natural circulation clapet valve.

In order to optimize the anti-condensing control, we recommend the installation of the component on the return way to the boiler.



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The standard model is set up for the installation on the right of the heat source (scheme 1).

To install it on the left (*scheme 2*) it is enough to put the three thermometers on the opposite side of the insulation box:  $\checkmark$  Open the insulation box and remove the three thermometers from the seats;

- Pierce the other half of the shell in the centre of the seat of the thermometer, the thickness is very thin and it is giving way easily;
- Close again the two shells on the body and place the three thermometers into the holes previously prepared, taking care that they're placed into their seats on the brass body and that they're not protruding from the insulation box.

Put the temperature sensor on the supply way towards the heat source, as indicated in the above schemes. It can be placed in contact with the pipe (by means of the supplied kit) or deep, using a special connection (not supplied).

### Fixed temperature servomotor (ACC30)

The fixed temperature servomotor is already set and ready for use, with a set target temperature of 60°C.

Other working parameters are already preset at the most used values: if necessary it is possible to change them, *following the instructions on the servomotor instructions sheet*, to fit them to the values recommended by the boiler manufacturer.

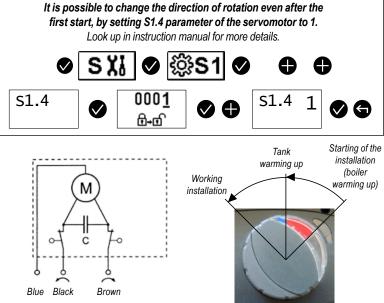


Reset of the servomotor according to factory settings:



WARNING: in case of reset of the servomotor according to factory settings, or replacement with a non-preset servomotor, during the configuration of the first start it is necessary to select the following rotation direction setting:



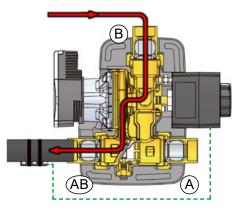


# Model with 3 point servomotor (M21)

In this case the servomotor does not include the control software, that must be supplied from the outside by a controller or by the electronics of the heat source. In the scheme at side you can find the instructions to wire the servomotor.

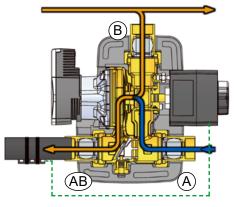
## Working mode

The schemes shown below represent the different working phases of the anti-condensing pump unit. **Please note that: the pictures have to be considered just as an indication and they have no completeness pretention.** 



### 1 Starting of the installation (boiler warming up)

After the starting of the boiler, the mixing valve is fully closed towards the user's return (**gate A**) and this condition remains until the fluid, warmed up by the heating source, gets the temperature set on the servomotor. During this step the fluid sent by the boiler fully recycles through the by-pass (**gate B**) and the boiler temperature rises very quickly.



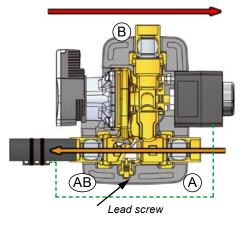
B

### 2 Loading of the installation (tank warming up)

At the achievement of the diverting temperature (f.i.  $60^{\circ}$ C) the users' return way (**gate A**) proportionally starts to open, meanwhile the bypass (**gate B**) is going to be closed. The boiler temperature slowly rises giving energy to the user, but in any case the return temperature will not decrease anymore below the diverting one (f.i.  $60^{\circ}$ C).

### **3** Working installation

Starting from the condition of point 2, the supply temperature progressively rises up to the full opening of the mixing valve (**gate A**) and up to the corresponding shutting of by-pass (**gate B**). It is possible to change the parameters of the servomotor to increase or decrease the reaction time from closed to open mixing valve, according to the features of the installation and to the power of the heat source. Now the installation is operative and the supply fluid temperature can increase up to the set value.



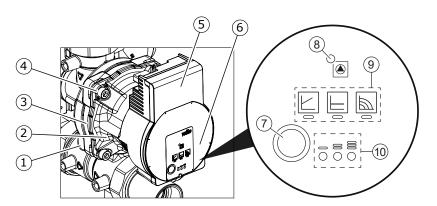
### (4) Natural circulation

The natural circulation of fluid through the clapet valve starts as soon as the circulating pump stops and the remaining energy of the heating source is transferred to the water tank. This function starts as a security device, when the pump stops due to blackout or failure, so avoiding that the temperature of the heating source can reach high levels of danger.



To turn on the natural circulation function please turn the control screw anti-clockwise. You can lock the clapet valve any time, turning the screw clockwise (this operation has to be done when the pump is working).

### Synchrone high efficiency circulating pump Wilo Para SC



#### **Indicator lights (LEDs)**

- Signal display
- LED is lit up in green in normal operation
- LED lights up/flashes in case of fault



- Display of selected control mode  $\Delta p\mbox{-v}, \ \Delta p\mbox{-c}$  and constant speed
- Display of selected pump curve (I, II, III) within the control mode
- LED indicator combinations during pump venting function, manual restart and key lock



# Operating button

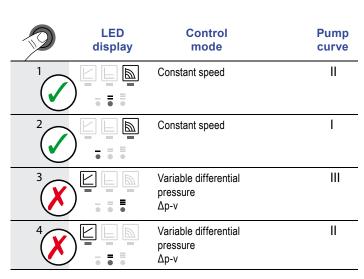
- PressSelect control mode
  - Select pump curve (I, II, III) within the control mode

#### Press and hold

- Activate the pump venting function (press for 3 seconds)
- Äctivate manual restart (press for 5 seconds)
- Lock/unlock button (press for 8 seconds)

#### **Control modes**

- The LED selection of control modes and corresponding pump curves takes place in clockwise succession.
- Press the operating button briefly (approx. 1 second).
- LEDs display the set control mode and pump curve.



- 1. Pump housing with screwed connections
- 2. Glandless motor
- 3. Condensate drain openings (4x around circumference)
- 4. Housing screws
- 5. Control module
- 6. Rating plate
- 7. Operating button for pump adjustment
- 8. Run/fault signal LED
- 9. Display of selected control mode
- 10. Display of selected pump curve (I, II, III)

#### Funzioni

#### Venting

The pump venting function is activated by pressing and holding the operating button (for 3 seconds) and automatically vents the pump.

The top and bottom LED rows flash in turn at 1 second intervals. To cancel, press and hold the operating button for 3 seconds.

The heating system is not vented.

#### Manual restart

A manual restart is initiated by pressing and holding the operating button (for 5 second) and unblocks the pump if required

(e.g. after long standstill period in summer).

#### Lock/unlock the button

The key lock is activated by pressing and holding the operating button (for 8 seconds) and locks the pump's current settings. It protects against undesired or unauthorised adjustment of the pump.

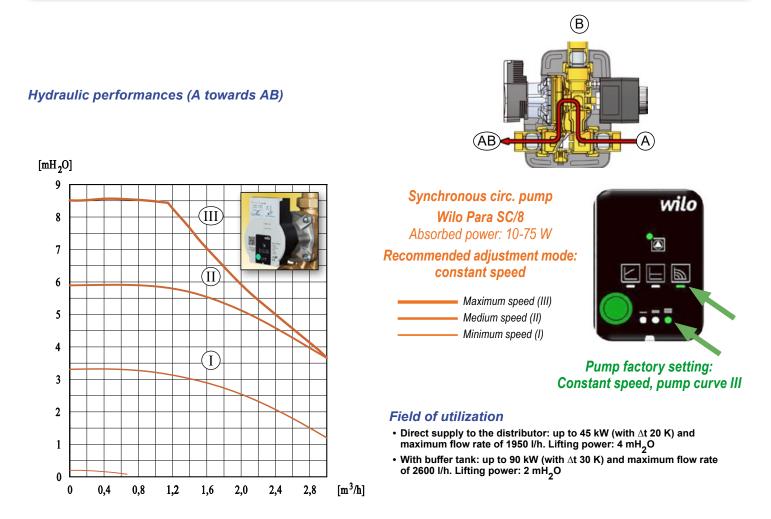


LED display	Control mode	Pump curve
	Variable differential pressure Δp-v	I
	Constant differential pressure Δp-c	III
	Constant differential pressure Δp-c	II
	Constant differential pressure Δp-c	I
	Constant speed	III

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The Wilo Para SC circulating pump must be set in constant speed adjustment mode. Other possible solutions are not recommended in this application.



These performances are substantially the same even in case of recycling flow (B towards AB).